

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



**Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Fibre optic
isolators –
Part 1: Generic specification**

INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
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FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 61202-1 has been prepared by subcommittee 86B: Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components, of IEC technical committee 86: Fibre optics.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition published in 2009. It constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) the terms and definitions were reconsidered;
- b) quality assessment level was deleted from classification;
- c) the clause numbers of Annexes A and B have been rearranged.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

CDV	Report on voting
86B/3989A/CDV	86B/4033RVC

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 61202 series, published under the general title *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Fibre optic isolators*, can be found on the IEC website.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

FIBRE OPTIC INTERCONNECTING DEVICES AND PASSIVE COMPONENTS – FIBRE OPTIC ISOLATORS –

Part 1: Generic specification

1 Scope

This part of IEC 61202 applies to isolators used in the field of fibre optics, all exhibiting the following features:

- they are non-reciprocal optical devices, in which each port is either an optical fibre or fibre optic connector;
- they are passive devices containing no opto-electronic or other transducing elements;
- they have two optical ports for directionally transmitting optical power.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60027 (all parts), *Letter symbols to be used in electrical technology*

IEC 60050-731, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary – Chapter 731: Optical fibre communication*

IEC 60617 (all parts), *Graphical symbols for diagrams* (available at <http://std.iec.ch/iec60617>)

IEC 60695 (all parts), *Fire hazard testing*

IEC 60825-1, *Safety of laser products – Part 1: Equipment classification and requirements*

IEC 61300 (all parts), *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures*

IEC TS 62627-09, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Vocabulary for passive optical devices*

ISO 129-1, *Technical drawings – Indication of dimensions and tolerances – Part 1: General principles*

ISO 286-1, *Geometrical product specification (GPS) – ISO code system for tolerances on linear sizes – Part 1: Bases of tolerances, deviations and fits*

ISO 1101, *Geometrical product specifications (GPS) – Geometrical tolerancing – Tolerances of form, orientation, location and run-out*

ISO 8601, *Data elements and interchange formats – Information interchange – Representation of dates and times*