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**Global maritime distress and  
safety system (GMDSS) –**

**Part 1:  
Radar transponder –  
Marine search and rescue (SART) –  
Operational and performance requirements,  
methods of testing and required test results**



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## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

### GLOBAL MARITIME DISTRESS AND SAFETY SYSTEM (GMDSS) –

#### Part 1: Radar transponder – Marine search and rescue (SART) – Operational and performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results

#### FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 61097-1 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 80: Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 1992. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

The main changes with respect to the previous edition are listed below:

- some amendments to bring the standard up to date with newer IMO resolutions and ITU recommendations. In particular, in 1995, the IMO adopted new performance standards for the SART in resolution A.802(19) which replaced those of resolution A.697(17). This new resolution introduced a new requirement for the SART to be provided with a pole

arrangement. In 2006, the ITU-R revised recommendation M.628 to permit the optional use of circular polarisation with the SART;

- the Introduction has been deleted as it was of historical interest only;
- Annex A, which contained details of the parts of the IEC 61097 series of standards, has been deleted as this information is now available from this Foreword;
- Annex B which contained a Bibliography has been deleted and the information moved into the normative references.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
80/479/FDIS	80/485/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of IEC 61097 series, published under the general title *Global maritime distress and safety system (GMDSS)*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

## GLOBAL MARITIME DISTRESS AND SAFETY SYSTEM (GMDSS) –

### Part 1: Radar transponder – Marine search and rescue (SART) – Operational and performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results

#### 1 Scope

This part of IEC 61097 specifies the performance standards and type testing of marine radar transponders used in search and rescue operations at sea (SART), as required by Regulation 6.2.2 of Chapter III, and 7.1.3 and 8.3.1 of Chapter IV of the 1988 amendments to the 1974 International Convention for Safety of Life at Sea (SOLAS), and which is associated with IEC 60936 (Shipborne radar) and IEC 60945 (General requirements).

This standard incorporates the performance standards of IMO Resolutions A.530 (13) and A.802 (19) (Survival craft radar transponders for use in search and rescue operations) and the technical characteristics for such transponders contained in ITU-R Recommendation M.628-4, and takes account of the general requirements contained in IMO Resolution A.694 (17).

NOTE 1 The categories of SART operation which are applicable to the stated SOLAS Regulations, IMO Resolutions and ITU-R Recommendation are:

- a) integral with a survival craft;
- b) portable and capable of floating;
- c) as part of an EPIRB.

NOTE 2 This standard does not include non-SOLAS options for instance those envisaged in ITU-R Recommendation 628-4 - Considering (b).

All text whose meaning is identical to that in IMO Resolutions A.530 (13), A.694 (17), A.802 (19) and ITU-R Recommendation M.628-4 is printed in italics.

#### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60936-1, *Shipborne radar – Operational and performance requirements – Methods of tests and required test results*

IEC 60945, *Marine navigational equipment – General requirements – Methods of testing and required test results*.

IMO Resolution A.222 (VII): *Performance standards for navigational radar equipment*.

IMO Resolution A.477 (XII): *Performance standards for radar equipment*.

IMO Resolution A.530 (13): *Use of radar transponders for search and rescue purposes*.

IMO Resolution A.694 (17): *General requirements for shipborne radio equipment forming part of the Global maritime distress and safety system and for electronic navigational aids*

IMO Resolution A.802 (19): *Performance standards for survival craft radar transponders for use in search and rescue operations.*

Safety of Life at Sea (SOLAS) Convention (1974) – *Amendments concerning Radiocommunications for the Global maritime distress and safety system (GMDSS) (1988)*

ITU-R Recommendation M.628-4: *Technical characteristics for search and rescue radar transponders.*

ITU-R Report 1036-1: *Frequencies for homing and locating in the global maritime distress and safety system (GMDSS).*