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**Information technology —
Telecommunications and information
exchange between systems — Private
Integrated Services Network —
Circuit-mode 64 kbit/s bearer services —
Service description, functional
capabilities and information flows**

*Technologies de l'information — Télécommunications et échange
d'information entre systèmes — Réseau privé à intégration de
services — Services porteurs sur 64 kbit/s en mode circuit —
Description du service, aptitudes fonctionnelles et flux d'informations*



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this International Standard may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard ISO/IEC 11574 was prepared by ECMA (as ECMA-142) and was adopted, under a special "fast-track procedure", by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, in parallel with its approval by national bodies of ISO and IEC.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO/IEC 11574:1994), which has been technically revised.

Annexes A and B form a normative part of this International Standard. Annexes C and D are for information only.

Introduction

This International Standard is one of a series of standards defining services and signalling protocols applicable to Private Integrated Services Networks (PISNs). The series uses ISDN concepts as developed by ITU-T and conforms to the framework of International Standards for Open Systems Interconnection as defined by ISO/IEC.

This International Standard contains specifications of basic services.

This International Standard is based upon the practical experience of ECMA member companies and the results of their active and continuous participation in the work of ISO/IEC JTC1, ITU-T, ETSI and other international and national standardization bodies. It represents a pragmatic and widely based consensus.

Information technology — Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — Private Integrated Services Network — Circuit-mode 64 kbit/s bearer services — Service description, functional capabilities and information flows

Section 1: General

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the service description and control aspects, including functional capabilities and information flows, of standardised circuit-mode bearer services which may be supported by a Private Integrated Services Network (PISN).

This International Standard includes the following basic services:

- Circuit-mode 64 kbit/s unrestricted 8 kHz structured bearer service category;
- Circuit-mode 64 kbit/s 8 kHz structured bearer service category usable for speech information transfer;
- Circuit-mode 64 kbit/s 8 kHz structured bearer service category usable for 3,1 kHz audio information transfer.

A PISN shall support at least one of the above three bearer services to conform with this International Standard.

The scope of this International Standard does not include:

- the negotiation of service at call establishment time,
- the change of service during a call, and
- unidirectional services.

This International Standard includes optional procedures for the provision of functions equivalent to the following public ISDN supplementary services: Subaddress and Multiple Subscriber Number.

NOTE 1 - Supplementary services and other bearer services which can be used in conjunction with 64 kbit/s circuit switched bearer services specified in this International Standard are dealt with in other standards.

NOTE 2 - Service specifications are based on information concerning the corresponding public ISDN service available at the time of publication of this International Standard.

NOTE 3 - ITU-T treat Subaddressing and Multiple Subscriber Number as supplementary services.

NOTE 4 - The use of the Direct Dial In supplementary service of a public ISDN for calls incoming to a PISN from a public ISDN is regarded as part of the basic services in a PISN.

NOTE 5 - The use of the Calling Line Identification Presentation and Connected Line Identification Presentation supplementary services of a public ISDN for obtaining the Originating Number or the Connected Number of a call from or to a public ISDN is regarded as part of the basic services in a PISN.

NOTE 6 - The provision (either explicitly or implicitly) by the user to the network, of its own number (Originating Number or Connected Number), and the provision of an Originating Number or a Connected Number by a PISN to another network is a part of the basic services in a PISN and not a part of the Calling Line Identification Presentation and Connected Line Identification Presentation supplementary services. Those supplementary services are concerned only with the presentation of the number from the network to the served PISN user.

2 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO/IEC 11571:1998, *Information technology — Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — Private Integrated Services Network — Addressing*.

ISO/IEC 11579-1:1994, *Information technology — Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — Private Integrated Services Network — Part 1: Reference configuration for PISN exchanges (PINX)*.

ITU-T Rec. G.711:1988, *Pulse code modulation (PCM) of voice frequencies*.

ITU-T Rec. I.112:1993, *Vocabulary of terms for ISDNs*.

ITU-T Rec. I.140:1993, *Attribute technique for the characterization of telecommunications services supported by an ISDN and network capabilities of an ISDN*.

ITU-T Rec. I.210:1993, *Principles of telecommunications services supported by an ISDN and the means to describe them*.

ITU-T Rec. I.231:1988, *Circuit-mode bearer service categories*.

ITU-T Rec. I.251.1:1992, *Number identification supplementary services — Direct Dialling-In*.

ITU-T Rec. I.251.3:1992, *Number identification supplementary services — Calling Line Identification Presentation*.

ITU-T Rec. I.251.5:1995, *Number identification supplementary services — Connected Line Identification Presentation (COLP)*.

ITU-T Rec. I.520:1993, *General arrangements for network interworking between ISDNs*.

ITU-T Rec. X.31:1995, *Support of packet-mode terminal equipment by an ISDN*.