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**Information technology — Computer
graphics and image processing — Image
Processing and Interchange (IPI) —
Functional specification —**

Part 2:

Programmer's imaging kernel system
application program interface

*Technologies de l'information — Infographie et traitement de l'image —
Traitement de l'image et échange (IPI) — Spécification fonctionnelle —
Partie 2: Interface de programme d'application PIKS*



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO/IEC 12087-2 was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 24, *Computer graphics and image processing*.

ISO/IEC 12087 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Information technology — Computer graphics and image processing — Image processing and interchange (IPI) — Functional specification*:

- *Part 1: Common architecture for imaging*
- *Part 2: Programmer's imaging kernel system application program interface*
- *Part 3: Image Interchange Facility*

Annexes A, G, H and J form an integral part of this part of ISO/IEC 12087. Annexes B, C, D, E, F, K and L are for information only.

Information technology — Computer graphics and image processing — Image Processing and Interchange (IPI) — Functional specification —

Part 2:

Programmer's imaging kernel system application program interface

1 Scope

This part of ISO/IEC 12087 establishes the specification of the application program interface (API), called the Programmer's Imaging Kernel System (PIKS). ISO/IEC 12087-1 establishes the conceptual and architectural definitions of the Common Architecture for Imaging (CAI). ISO/IEC 12087-3 establishes the specification of the Image Interchange Facility (IIF).

PIKS is intended to provide a rich set of both low-level and high-level services on image and image-derived data objects. These services can be used as building blocks for a broad range of common imaging applications.

A conscious effort has been made by the developers of PIKS to create a standard that does not favor any particular computing system. Implementations of PIKS should be possible on computing systems ranging in architecture from general purpose computers to specialised hardware accelerators, ranging in size from personal computers to mainframe supercomputers, and ranging in connectivity from stand-alone machines to distributed computing networks.

Where applicable, PIKS relies on other APIs and data format standards to provide capabilities that are not unique to imaging. The following lists contain a summary of technological capabilities provided by PIKS and not provided by PIKS. However, it should be noted that PIKS functionality may be useful as a pre-processor or co-processor for many of the technologies in the "Not provided by PIKS" list.

Provided by PIKS

- image analysis
- image classification (basic)
- image enhancement
- image interchange between PIKS and an application
- image interchange between PIKS and the IIF
- image manipulation primitives
- image processing data object generation tools (e.g., image filter functions)
- image restoration
- image visualization (basic)
- standard colour models

Not provided by PIKS

- audio
- computer graphics
- device control
- image acquisition
- image communication
- image compression and decompression
- image display
- image transport between applications
- image understanding
- multimedia
- pattern recognition
- specific implementations
- video
- window systems

NOTE – The Image Interchange Facility of ISO/IEC 12087-3 specifies image compression and decompression functionality and image transport between applications and between an application and PIKS.

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through references in this text, constitute provisions of this part of the ISO/IEC 12087. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of ISO/IEC 12087 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO/IEC 12087-1:¹⁾, *Information technology — Computer graphics and image processing — Image Processing and Interchange (IPI) — Functional specification — Part 1: Common Architecture for Imaging*.

ISO/IEC 12087-3:¹⁾, *Information technology — Computer graphics and image processing — Image Processing and Interchange (IPI) — Functional specification — Part 3: Image Interchange Facility*.

1) to be published.