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**Information technology —
Telecommunications and information
exchange between systems — Private
Integrated Services Network —
Inter-exchange signalling protocol —
Single Step Call Transfer supplementary
service**

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d'information entre systèmes — Réseau privé à intégration de
services — Protocole de signalisation d'interéchange — Service
supplémentaire de transfert d'appel à pas unique*

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Contents

Foreword	v
Introduction	vi
1 Scope	1
2 Conformance	1
3 Normative references	1
4 Terms and definitions	2
4.1 External definitions	2
4.2 Other definitions	3
4.2.1 Rerouting number	3
4.2.2 Rerouting PINX	3
4.2.3 Transferred PINX	3
4.2.4 Transferred-To PINX	3
4.2.5 Transferring PINX	3
5 Acronyms	3
6 Signalling protocol for the support of SS-SSCT	4
6.1 SS-SSCT description	4
6.2 SS-SSCT operational requirements	4
6.2.1 Provision/Withdrawal	4
6.2.2 Requirements on a Transferring PINX	4
6.2.3 Requirements on a Rerouting PINX	4
6.2.4 Requirements on a Transferred PINX	4
6.2.5 Requirements on a Transferred-To PINX	4
6.2.6 Requirements on a Transit PINX	4
6.3 SS-SSCT coding requirements	5
6.3.1 Operations	5
6.3.2 Information elements	7
6.3.3 Messages	7
6.4 SS-SSCT state definitions	8
6.4.1 States at a Transferring PINX	8
6.4.2 States at a Rerouting PINX	8
6.4.3 States at a Transferred PINX	8
6.4.4 States at a Transferred-To PINX	8
6.5 SS-SSCT signalling procedures	8
6.5.1 Actions at a Transferring PINX	8
6.5.2 Procedures at the Rerouting PINX	9
6.5.3 Actions at a Transferred PINX	11
6.5.4 Actions at a Transferred-To PINX	11
6.5.5 Actions at a Transit PINX	12
6.5.6 Subsequent actions at Transferred and Transferred-To PINX	12
6.6 SS-SSCT impact of interworking with public ISDNs	12
6.6.1 Actions at a Gateway PINX	12
6.7 SS-SSCT impact of interworking with non-ISDNs	12

6.7.1	Actions at a Gateway PINX	12
6.8	Protocol Interactions between SS-SSCT and other supplementary services and ANFs	13
6.8.1	Calling Name Identification Presentation (SS-CNIP)	13
6.8.2	Connected Name Identification Presentation (SS-CONP)	13
6.8.3	Completion of Calls to Busy Subscribers (SS-CCBS)	13
6.8.4	Completion of Calls on No Reply (SS-CCNR)	13
6.8.5	CallForwarding Unconditional (SS-CFU)	13
6.8.6	Call Forwarding Busy (SS-CFB)	13
6.8.7	Call Forwarding No Reply (SS-CFNR)	14
6.8.8	Call Deflection (SS-CD)	14
6.8.9	Call Transfer (SS-CT)	14
6.8.10	Path Replacement (ANF-PR)	14
6.8.11	Advice Of Charge (SS-AOC)	15
6.8.12	Call Offer (SS-CO)	16
6.8.13	Do Not Disturb (SS-DND)	16
6.8.14	Do Not Disturb Override (SS-DNDO)	16
6.8.15	Recall (SS-RE)	16
6.8.16	Call Intrusion (SS-CI)	16
6.8.17	Call Interception (ANF-CINT)	16
6.8.18	Transit Counter (SS-TC)	16
6.8.19	Route Restriction Class (ANF-RRC)	17
6.8.20	Authentication of the PISN (SS-WTAN)	17
6.8.21	Authentication of a WTM user (SS-WTAT)	17
6.8.22	Wireless Terminal Location Registration (SS-WTLR)	17
6.8.23	Wireless Terminal Mobility Incoming Call (ANF-WTMI)	17
6.8.24	Wireless Terminal Mobility Outgoing Call (ANF-WTMO)	17
6.8.25	Message Waiting Indication (SS-MWI)	17
6.8.26	User Mobility Incoming Call (ANF-PUMI)	17
6.8.27	User Mobility Outgoing Call (ANF-PUMO)	17
6.8.28	Private User Mobility - Registration (SS-PUMR)	17
6.8.29	Common Information (ANF-CMN)	17
6.8.30	Call Priority Interruption (Protection) (SS-CPI(P))	17
6.9	SS-SSCT Parameter values (Timers)	17
6.9.1	Timer T1	17
6.9.2	Timer T2	18
6.9.3	Timer T3	18
Annexes		
A	- Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) proforma	19
B	- Imported ASN.1 definitions	27
C	- Examples of message sequences	28
D	- Specification and Description Language (SDL) representation of procedures	33
E	- Additional feature identifier in module Common-Information-Operations	42
F	- Difference between Single Step Call Transfer and Call Transfer by Rerouting	43
G	- ASN.1 definitions according to ITU-T Recs. X.208 / X.209	44

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of the joint technical committee is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO/IEC 19460 was prepared by ECMA (as ECMA-300) and was adopted, under a special “fast-track procedure”, by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, in parallel with its approval by national bodies of ISO and IEC.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO/IEC 19460:2001), which has been technically revised.

Introduction

This International Standard is one of a series of Standards defining services and signalling protocols applicable to Private Integrated Services Networks (PISNs). The series uses ISDN concepts as developed by ITU-T and conforms to the framework of International Standards for Open Systems Interconnection as defined by ISO/IEC.

This International Standard specifies the signalling protocol for use at the Q reference point in support of the Call Transfer supplementary service. The protocol defined in this International Standard forms part of the PSS1 protocol (informally known as QSIG).

This International Standard is based upon the practical experience of ECMA member companies and the results of their active and continuous participation in the work of ISO/IEC JTC 1, ITU-T, ETSI and other international and national standardization bodies. It represents a pragmatic and widely based consensus.

Information technology — Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — Private Integrated Services Network — Inter-exchange signalling protocol — Single Step Call Transfer supplementary service

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the signalling protocol for the support of the Single Step Call Transfer supplementary service (SS-SSCT) at the Q reference point between Private Integrated Network services eXchanges (PINXs) connected together within a Private Integrated Services Network (PISN).

SS-SSCT is a supplementary service which enables a user, user A, to transform an existing call between user A and user B into a new call between user B and a user C whereby user A does not have a call established with user C prior to call transfer.

The Q reference point is defined in ISO/IEC 11579-1.

Service specifications are produced in three stages and according to the method specified in ETS 300 387. This International Standard contains the stage 3 specification for the Q reference point and satisfies the requirements identified by the stage 1 and stage 2 specifications in ISO/IEC 19459.

The signalling protocol for SS-SSCT operates on top of the signalling protocol for basic circuit switched call control, as specified in ISO/IEC 11572, and uses certain aspects of the generic procedures for the control of supplementary services specified in ISO/IEC 11582.

This International Standard also specifies additional signalling protocol requirements for the support of interactions at the Q reference point between Single Step Call Transfer and other supplementary services and ANFs.

This International Standard is applicable to PINXs which can interconnect to form a PISN.

2 Conformance

In order to conform to this International Standard, a PINX shall satisfy the requirements identified in the Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) proforma in annex A.

Conformance to this International Standard includes conforming to those clauses that specify protocol interactions between SS-SSCT and other supplementary services and ANFs for which signalling protocols at the Q reference point are supported in accordance with the stage 3 standards concerned.

3 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 11571:1998, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Networks - Addressing*

ISO/IEC 11572:2000, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Circuit mode bearer services - Inter-exchange signalling procedures and protocol*

ISO/IEC 11574:2000, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Circuit-mode 64 kbit/s bearer services - Service description, functional capabilities and information flows*

ISO/IEC 11579-1:1994, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private integrated services network - Part 1: Reference configuration for PISN Exchanges (PINX)*

ISO/IEC 11582:2002, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Generic functional protocol for the support of supplementary services - Inter-exchange signalling procedures and protocol*

ISO/IEC 13868:2003, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Inter-exchange signalling protocol - Name identification supplementary services*

ISO/IEC 13869:2003, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Inter-exchange signalling protocol - Call Transfer supplementary service*

ISO/IEC 13873:2003, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Inter-exchange signalling protocol - Call Diversion supplementary services*

ISO/IEC 13874:2003, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Inter-exchange signalling protocol - Path Replacement additional network feature*

ISO/IEC 15050:2003, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Inter-exchange signalling protocol - Advice Of Charge supplementary services*

ISO/IEC 15054:2003, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Inter-exchange signalling protocol - Call Interception additional network feature*

ISO/IEC 15056:1997, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Inter-exchange signalling protocol - Transit counter additional network feature*

ISO/IEC 15772:2003, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Inter-exchange signalling protocol - Common Information additional network feature*

ISO/IEC 15992:2003, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Inter-exchange signalling protocol - Call Priority Interruption and Call Priority Interruption Protection supplementary services*

ISO/IEC 19459:2001, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Specification, functional model and information flows - Single Step Call Transfer Supplementary Service*

ETS 300 387:1994, *Private Telecommunication Network (PTN); Method for the specification of basic and supplementary services*

ITU-T Rec. I.112:1993, *Vocabulary of terms for ISDNs*

ITU-T Rec. I.210:1993, *Principles of telecommunication services supported by an ISDN and the means to describe them*

ITU-T Rec. Q.950:2000, *Supplementary services protocols, structure and general principles*

ITU-T Rec. Z.100:1999, *Specification and description language (SDL)*