

INTERNATIONAL
STANDARD

ISO/IEC
21408

Second edition
2003-04-01

**Information technology —
Telecommunications and information
exchange between systems — Private
Integrated Services Network —
Inter-exchange signalling protocol —
Simple dialog supplementary service**

*Technologies de l'information — Télécommunications et échange
d'information entre systèmes — Réseaux privés à intégration de
services — Protocole de signalisation d'échange — Service
supplémentaire de dialogue simple*

Reference number
ISO/IEC 21408:2003(E)



© ISO/IEC 2003

PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.

© ISO/IEC 2003

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.org
Web www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Contents

Foreword	v
Introduction	vi
1 Scope	1
2 Conformance	1
3 Normative references	1
4 Terms and definitions	2
4.1 External definitions	2
4.2 Other definitions	2
4.2.1 Client User PINX	2
4.2.2 Server User PINX	2
5 List of acronyms	2
6 Signalling protocol for the support of SS-SD	3
6.1 SS-SD description	3
6.2 SS-SD operational requirements	3
6.2.1 Requirements on a Client User PINX	3
6.2.2 Requirements on a Server User PINX	3
6.2.3 Requirements on a Transit PINX	3
6.3 SS-SD coding requirements	4
6.3.1 Operations	4
6.3.2 Information elements	5
6.3.3 Messages	5
6.4 SS-SD state definitions	5
6.4.1 States at the Client User PINX	5
6.4.2 States at the Server User PINX	6
6.5 SS-SD signalling procedures	6
6.5.1 Actions at the Client User PINX	6
6.5.2 Actions at the Server User PINX	6
6.5.3 Actions at a Transit PINX	7
6.6 SS-SD impact of interworking with public ISDNs	7
6.6.1 Incoming Gateway PINX procedures	7
6.6.2 Outgoing Gateway PINX procedures	7
6.7 SS-SD impact of interworking with non-ISDNs	7
6.7.1 Incoming Gateway PINX procedures	7
6.7.2 Outgoing Gateway PINX procedures	7
6.8 Protocol interactions between SS-SD and other supplementary services and ANFs	7
6.8.1 Calling Line Identification Presentation (SS-CLIP)	7
6.8.2 Connected Line Identification Presentation (SS-COLP)	7
6.8.3 Calling/Connected Line Identification Restriction (SS-CLIR)	8
6.8.4 Calling Name Identification Presentation (SS-CNIP)	8
6.8.5 Calling Name Identification Presentation (SS-CNIR)	8

6.8.6	Connected Name Identification Presentation (SS-CONP)	8
6.8.7	Completion of Call to Busy Subscriber (SS-CCBS)	8
6.8.8	Completion of Call on No Reply (SS-CCNR)	8
6.8.9	Call Transfer (SS-CT)	8
6.8.10	Call Forwarding Unconditional (SS-CFU)	8
6.8.11	Call Forwarding Busy (SS-CFB)	8
6.8.12	Call Forwarding No Reply (SS-CFNR)	8
6.8.13	Call Deflection (SS-CD)	8
6.8.14	Path Replacement (ANF-PR)	8
6.8.15	Call Offer (SS-CO)	8
6.8.16	Call Intrusion (SS-CI)	8
6.8.17	Do not Disturb (SS-DND)	8
6.8.18	Do not Disturb Override (SS-DNDO)	8
6.8.19	Advice of Charge (SS-AOC)	8
6.8.20	Recall (SS-RE)	8
6.8.21	Call Interception (ANF-CINT)	8
6.8.22	Transit Counter (ANF-TC)	8
6.8.23	Route Restriction Class (ANF-RRC)	9
6.8.24	Message Waiting Indication (SS-MWI)	9
6.8.25	Wireless Terminal Location Registration (SS-WTLR)	9
6.8.26	Wireless Terminal Incoming Call (ANF-WTMI)	9
6.8.27	Wireless Terminal Outgoing Call (ANF-WTMO)	9
6.8.28	Wireless Terminal Authentication of a WTM User (SS-WTAT)	9
6.8.29	Wireless Terminal Authentication of the PISN (SS-WTAN)	9
6.8.30	Private User Mobility Incoming Call (ANF-PUMI)	9
6.8.31	Private User Mobility Outgoing Call (ANF-PUMO)	9
6.8.32	Private User Mobility Registration (SS-PUMR)	9
6.8.33	Common Information (ANF-CMN)	9
6.8.34	Call Priority Interruption (Protection) (SS-CPI(P))	9
6.8.35	Single Step Call Transfer (SS-SSCT)	9
6.9	SS-SD parameter values (timers)	9

Annexes

A - Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) proforma	10
B - Examples of Message Sequences	14
C - Specification and Description Language (SDL) Representation of Procedures	18
D - ASN.1 definitions according to ITU-T Recs. X.208 / X.209	21

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of the joint technical committee is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO/IEC 21408 was prepared by ECMA (as ECMA-311) and was adopted, under a special “fast-track procedure”, by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, in parallel with its approval by national bodies of ISO and IEC.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO/IEC 21408:2001), which has been technically revised.

Introduction

This International Standard is one of a series of Standards defining services and signalling protocols applicable to Private Integrated Services Networks (PISNs). The series uses ISDN concepts as developed by ITU-T and conforms to the framework of International Standards for Open Systems Interconnection as defined by ISO/IEC.

This International Standard specifies the signalling protocol for use at the Q reference point in support of the Simple Dialog supplementary service. The protocol defined in this Standard forms part of the PSS1 protocol (informally known as QSIG).

This International Standard is based upon the practical experience of ECMA member companies and the results of their active and continuous participation in the work of ISO/IEC JTC 1, ITU-T, ETSI and other international and national standardization bodies. It represents a pragmatic and widely based consensus.

Information technology — Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — Private Integrated Services Network — Inter-exchange signalling protocol — Simple dialog supplementary service

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the signalling protocol for the support of the Simple Dialog supplementary service (SS-SD) at the Q reference point between Private Integrated services Network eXchanges (PINXs) connected together within a Private Integrated Services Network (PISN).

Supplementary service SD enables a user to communicate with another user or application by the exchange of keypad and display information transparently over a PISN.

The Q reference point is defined in ISO/IEC 11579-1.

Service specifications are produced in three stages and according to the method specified in ETS 300 387. This International Standard contains the stage 3 specification for the Q reference point and satisfies the requirements identified by the stage 1 and stage 2 specifications in ISO/IEC 21407.

The signalling protocol for SS-SD operates on top of the signalling protocol for basic circuit switched call control, as specified in ISO/IEC 11572, and uses certain aspects of the generic procedures for the control of supplementary services specified in ISO/IEC 11582.

This International Standard also specifies additional signalling protocol requirements for the support of interactions at the Q reference point between SS-SD and other supplementary services and ANFs.

This International Standard is applicable to PINXs which can interconnect to form a PISN.

2 Conformance

In order to conform to this International Standard, a PINX shall satisfy the requirements identified in the Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) proforma in annex A.

Conformance to this International Standard includes conforming to those clauses that specify protocol interactions between SS-SD and other supplementary services and ANFs for which signalling protocols at the Q reference point are supported in accordance with the stage 3 standards concerned.

3 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 10646-1:2000, *Information technology - Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Character Set (UCS) - Part 1: Architecture and Basic Multilingual Plane*

ISO/IEC 11572:2000, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Circuit mode bearer services - Inter-exchange signalling procedures and protocol*

ISO/IEC 11579-1:1994, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private integrated services network - Part 1: Reference configuration for PISN Exchanges (PINX)*

ISO/IEC 11582:2002, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Generic functional protocol for the support of supplementary services - Inter-exchange signalling procedures and protocol*

ISO/IEC 21407:2001, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Specification, functional model and information flows - Simple dialog supplementary service*

ETS 300 387:1994, *Private Telecommunication Network (PTN); Method for the specification of basic and supplementary services*

ITU-T Rec. I.112:1993, *Vocabulary of terms for ISDNs*

ITU-T Rec. I.210:1993, *Principles of telecommunication services supported by an ISDN and the means to describe them*

ITU-T Rec. Q.950:2000, *Supplementary services protocols, structure and general principles*

ITU-T Rec. X.690:1997, *Information technology - ASN.1 encoding rules: Specification of Basic Encoding Rules (BER), Canonical Encoding Rules (CER) and Distinguished Encoding Rules (DER)*

ITU-T Rec. Z.100:1999, *Specification and description language (SDL)*